






PROBLEM AREA

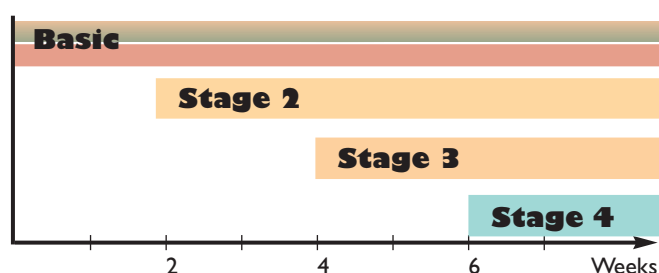
Abnormal Cells

The formation of abnormal cells is not particularly unusual. It happens all the time, and is normally kept under control by the body's own defence mechanisms. However, if abnormal body cells elude these control mechanisms they may multiply rapidly and, with the help of collagen-digesting enzymes, spread

throughout the body. At all stages, from cellular degeneration to the spread of abnormal cells throughout the body, vitamins and other cellular nutrients assume protective functions. They support healthy cell functioning, promote the structure of stable connective tissue and block collagen-digesting enzymes.

RECOMMENDED ACTION (STAGES)	MAIN CONSTITUENTS OF THE SYNERGY TEAM	ADVANTAGES OF OPTIMUM CELL NUTRITION
 Basic programme	Cellular nutrient synergy of over 30 vitamins, minerals, amino acids and trace elements, extended by biologically active plant substances (phytobiologicals).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Covers the body's basic needs for cellular nutrients as comprehensive as possible, thereby optimising its overall metabolism.
 Healthy cell function	Vitamin C, lysine, proline, arginine, polyphenols (EGCG)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Maintains stable connective tissue Inhibits collagen-digesting enzymes
 STAGE 2 Protecting connective tissue	Vitamin C, lysine	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Protects and builds up connective tissue
 STAGE 3 Building up the connective tissue	Vitamin C, lysine, proline	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Builds up and stabilises the connective tissue
 STAGE 4 Additional connective tissue stability	Vitamin C, lysine, proline, N-acetyl glucosamine, chondroitin sulphate, copper	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Binding agents for the connective tissue

RECOMMENDED CELLULAR NUTRIENT INTAKE:



Begin by taking the basic nutrient programme every day at mealtimes (Stage 1). Then supplement these cellular nutrients after 2 weeks with special nutrients to protect the connective tissue (Stage 2). If required then go on, at fortnightly intervals, first to stage 3 and then stage 4 to build up and further stabilise the connective tissue.